#### § 309.1

SOURCE: 58 FR 2978, Jan. 7, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

# **Subpart A—General Provisions**

#### § 309.1 General purpose.

This part prescribes the procedures to be used by the Peace Corps of the United States (Peace Corps) in the collection of claims owed to Peace Corps and to the United States.

## §309.2 Scope.

- (a) Applicability of Federal Claims Collection Standards (FCCS). Except as set forth in this part or otherwise provided by law, Peace Corps will conduct administrative actions to collect claims (including offset, compromise, suspension, termination, disclosure and referral) in accordance with the Federal Claims Collection Standards of the Ceneral Accounting Office and the Department of Justice, 4 CFR parts 101 through 105.
  - (b) This part is not applicable to:
- (1) Claims against any foreign country or any political subdivision thereof, or any public international organization.
- (2) Claims where the Peace Corps Director (or designee) determines that the achievement of the purposes of the Peace Corps Act, as amended, 22 U.S.C. 2501 et seq., or any other provision of law administered by the Peace Corps require a different course of action.

### § 309.3 Definitions.

As used in this part (except where the context clearly indicates, or where the term is otherwise defined elsewhere in this part) the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) Agency means:
- (1) An Executive Agency as defined by section 105 of title 5, United States Code, including the U.S. Postal Service and the U.S. Postal Rate Commission;
- (2) A military department as defined by section 102 of title 5, United States Code.
- (3) An agency or court of the judicial branch including a court as defined in section 610 of title 28, United States Code, the District Court for the Northern Mariana Islands and the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation;

- (4) An agency of the legislative branch, including the U.S. Senate and the U.S. House of Representatives; and
- (5) Other independent establishments that are entities of the Federal Government.
- (b) Certification means a written debt claim form received from a creditor agency which requests the paying agency to offset the salary of an employee.
- (c) Consumer reporting agency means a reporting agency as defined in 31 U.S.C. 3701(a)(3).
- (d) Creditor agency means the agency to which the debt is owed.
- (e) The term debt and claim refers to an amount of money or property which has been determined by an appropriate agency official to be owed to the United States from any person, organization or entity, except another Federal agency. A debtor's liability arising from a particular contract or transaction shall be considered a single claim for purposes of monetary ceilings of the FCCS.
- (f) Delinquent debt means any debt which has not been paid by the date specified by the Government in writing or in an applicable contractual agreement for payment or which has not been satisfied in accordance with a repayment agreement.
- (g) Disposable pay means that part of current basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay, or, in the case of an employee not entitled to basic pay, other authorized pay remaining after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld. These deductions are described in 5 CFR 581.105(b) through (f). These deductions include, but are not limited to: Social Security withholdings; Federal, State and local tax withholdings; retirement contributions; and life insurance premiums.
- (h) *Employee* means a current or former employee of the Peace Corps or other agency, including a member of the Armed Forces or Reserve of the Armed Forces of the United States.
- (i) FCCS means the Federal Claims Collection Standards jointly published by the Department of Justice and the General Accounting Office at 4 CFR parts 101 through 105.